

(Overconvergent) Eichler-Shimura (Ju-Feng / H. Diao / G. Rosso)

see also Andreatta-Iovita-Stevens / Chojecki-Hansen-Johannsen

§ Introduction

$N > 3, p > 3, p \nmid N, \Gamma = \Gamma_1(N) = \left\{ \gamma \in GL_2(\mathbb{A}_f^p) : \gamma \equiv \begin{pmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & * \end{pmatrix} \pmod{N} \right\}$
associated X_Γ compactified modular curve of level Γ
(over \mathbb{Q})

$X_\Gamma \supseteq Y_\Gamma$: affine

Want to understand

$$H^0(X_\Gamma(\mathbb{C}), \underline{\omega}^k) \oplus H^0(X_\Gamma(\mathbb{C}), \underline{\omega}_{\text{cusp}}^k) \simeq H^1(Y_\Gamma(\mathbb{C}), \text{Sym}^{k-2} \mathbb{C}^2)$$

$\underline{\omega} = \omega$

Betti cohomology

↓

as Hecke modules

(thm of Eichler-Shimura)

Is there an algebraic version?

Yes (Faltings)

Hecke and Galois modules

$$H^0(X_\Gamma/\mathbb{Q}_p, \underline{\omega}^k) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}_p} \oplus H^1(X_\Gamma/\mathbb{Q}_p, \underline{\omega}^k) \simeq H^1_{\text{et}}(Y_\Gamma/\mathbb{Q}_p, \text{Sym}^{k-2} \mathbb{Q}_p) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}_p} (1)$$

$\otimes_{\mathbb{C}_p}^{(k+1)}$

Use BGG resolution to compute

the de Rham coho, then use étale-de Rham comparison

Ques: Can we p -adically iterate this iso?

Steps: (1) p -adic iteration of the modular sheaf

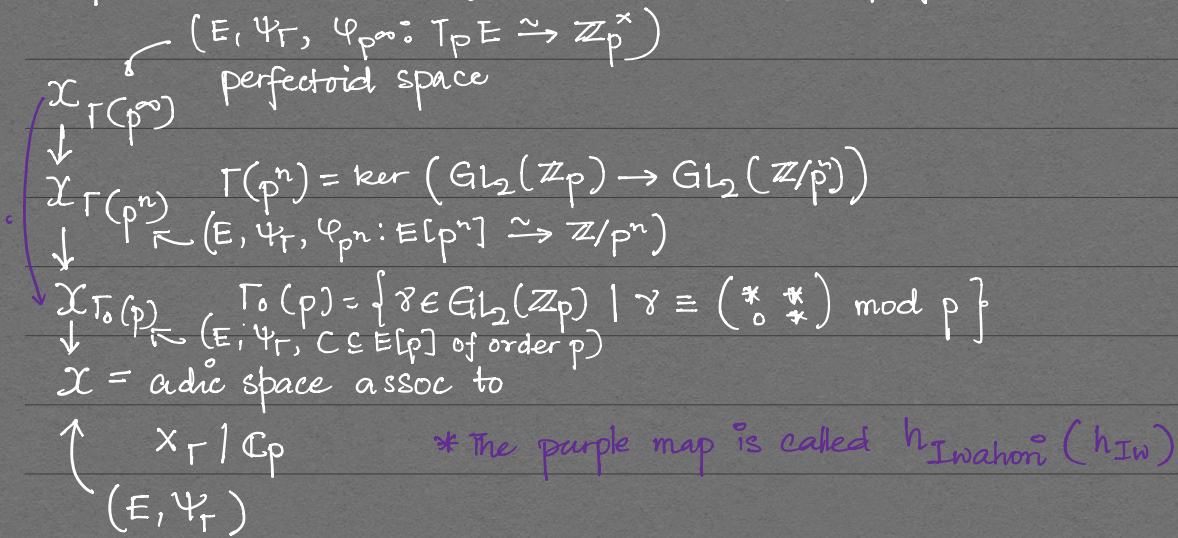
- Andreatta-Iovita-Stevens, Pilloni, A-I-P,
- AI theory of vector bundles with marked sections
- perfectoid methods ← what we'll see today

(2) Overconvergent coho

- Stevens, Ash-Stevens, Urban, Hansen

(3) The morphism

§ p-adic variation of modular sheaf (perfectoid method)



Over the perfectoid space

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{X}_{\Gamma(p^\infty)} & \xrightarrow{\pi_{HT}} & \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{C}_p) \\ (E, \Psi_\Gamma, \varphi_{p^\infty}) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & (0 \hookrightarrow \text{Lie } E \hookrightarrow T_p E \otimes \mathbb{C}_p) \\ & & \text{is} \end{array}$$

facts: (i) We have $GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_p)$ -actions on both sides \mathbb{C}_p^2
 π_{HT} is $GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_p)$ -equiv

(ii) If E is ord, $\Rightarrow \pi_{HT}(E) \in \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{Q}_p)$

Define: $\mathbb{P}'_w = \{ (1:z) \in \mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{C}_p) : \inf \{ |z-s| : s \in \mathbb{Z}_p \} \leq |p^w| \}$
 for any $w \in \mathbb{Q}_{>0}$

Defn: We say E is w-ordinary if $\pi_{HT}(E) \in \mathbb{P}'_w$
 E is ordinary \Leftrightarrow w-ord $\forall w$

(2) $\mathcal{X}_{\infty, w} := \pi_{HT}^{-1}(\mathbb{P}'_w)$

$\mathcal{X}_{\text{Iwahori}, w} := h_{\text{IW}}(\mathcal{X}_{\infty, w}) \subseteq \mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}$

fact:

$\mathbb{P}'_w \subseteq \Gamma_0(p)$ by $(1:z) \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = (1 \quad (a+zc)(b+zd))$

* some dependence on w maybe

$\Gamma_0(p) \curvearrowright \mathcal{X}_{\infty, w}$ & " $\mathcal{X}_{\text{IW}, w} = \mathcal{X}_{\infty, w} / \Gamma_0(p)$ "

Define $\underline{z} := \pi_{HT}^* z$ on $\mathcal{X}_{\infty, w}$

Take char $\underline{k}: \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_p^\times$ (cont). We say \underline{k} is w-analytic if it extends to $\mathbb{Z}_p^\times (1 + p^w \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p})$

Given w-analytic \underline{k} & $(a, c) \in \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \times p\mathbb{Z}_p$, define

$$\mathcal{K}(a+zc): \mathcal{X}_{\infty, w} \xrightarrow{\pi_{HT}} \mathbb{P}_w^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_p^\times$$

$$\underline{z} \longmapsto z \longmapsto \underline{k}(a+zc)$$

Define w-overconvergent modular sheaf of wt \underline{k} is a subsheaf

$$\underline{\omega}_w^k \subset h_{I_w, * } \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{X}_{\infty, w}}$$
 consisting of sections f st

$$\forall \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in \Gamma_0(p), \quad \gamma \cdot f = \underline{k}(a+zc)^{-1} f$$

Prop (1) for any w-analytic $\underline{k}: \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_p^\times$, we have

$$H^0(\mathcal{X}_{I_w, w}, \underline{\omega}_w^k) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{M}_k^{p\text{-adic}}(\Gamma)$$

(2) The U_p operator acts compactly on $H^0(\mathcal{X}_{I_w, w}, \underline{\omega}_w^k)$

(3) For any $k \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$, we have $H^0(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \underline{\omega}^k) \xrightarrow{\text{res}} H^0(\mathcal{X}_{I_w, w}, \underline{\omega}_w^k)$

↑
classical modular form of wt k on $\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}$

§ Overconvergent cohomology

$$T_0 := \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \times p\mathbb{Z}_p \leftarrow \text{can think } \forall (a, c) \in T_0$$

$$\exists b, d \in \mathbb{Z}_p \text{ st } \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in \Gamma_0(p)$$

• \mathbb{Z}_p^\times acts on T_0 by multiplication

• $\square := \begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{Z}_p^\times & \mathbb{Z}_p \\ p\mathbb{Z}_p & \mathbb{Z}_p \end{pmatrix} \cap GL_2(\mathbb{Q}_p)$ acts on T_0 via left mult

$r \in \mathbb{Q}_{>0}$, $\underline{k}: \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \rightarrow L$, r-analytic char, $L/\mathbb{Q}_p = \text{fin}$

$$A_{\underline{k}}^r(T_0, L) = \left\{ f: T_0 \rightarrow L : f \text{ is } r\text{-analytic} \right\}$$

r-analytic funcs on T_0 of wt \underline{k} $f(a, c) = \underline{k}(a) f(a, c) \quad \forall (a, c), \alpha \in T_0 \times \mathbb{Z}_p^\times$

$$\mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r(T_0, L) = \text{Hom}_L^{\text{cont}}(A_{\underline{x}}^r(T_0, L), L) = r\text{-analytic distributions}$$

The left action of Γ on T_0 gives a left action on $\mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r(T_0, L)$

fact: (1) $\mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r(T_0, L)$ is a Banach space

So, we can define $\mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^{r,0}(T_0, L)$ a unit ball

(2) \exists filtration $\text{Fil}^r \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^{r,0}(T_0, L)$ st $\left\{ \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^{r,0}(T_0, L) / \text{Fil}^r \right\}_r$ forms a proj system of AB gps and

$$\varprojlim () \simeq \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^{r,0}$$

\Rightarrow We have a proj sys of loc const sheaves of fin ab gps on $\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p), \text{két}} \left\{ \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}, j}^{r,0} \right\}_j$

\rightarrow can consider $H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r) := \varprojlim H_{\text{két}}^1(, \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}, r}^{r,0}) [1/p]$

fact: Can define Hecke operators on $H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r)$

and U_p acts compactly \Rightarrow "slope decomposition"

Prop: When $\underline{x} = k \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$, we have a natural equiv map

$$H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r) \rightarrow H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \text{Sym}^k \mathcal{O}_p^2)$$

Thm: (Steven's Control Thm)

$$0 < h < k-1, \text{ then } H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r) \xrightarrow{\leq h} H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \text{Sym}^k \mathcal{O}_p^2)^{\leq h}$$

§ Overconvergent Eichler-Shimura

$\mathcal{X}_{I_{w,w}, \text{pro-két}} =$ "limit of fin Kummer-étale towers"

$$\downarrow \simeq \mathcal{X}_{\infty, w}$$

\leftarrow can do completion here on the level of sheaves

$$\mathcal{X}_{I_{w,w}, \text{két}} \leftarrow " \mathcal{D}_{\underline{x}}^r "$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\mathcal{X}_{I_{w,w}} \leftarrow \underline{\omega}_w^{\underline{x}} \text{ (sheaf)}$$

note: We have two kinds of Structure sheaf on $\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{prokét}}$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{prokét}}}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{prokét}}}^+ \quad \text{and their completed versions } \hat{\mathcal{O}}, \hat{\mathcal{O}}^+$$

Define

$$(i) \mathcal{O}\mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r := \left(\varprojlim_{\mathbb{Z}} \nu^{-1} \mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}, \tau}^{r, 0} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}_p} \mathcal{O}^+ \right) [1/p]$$

They are both $\hat{\mathcal{O}}$ modules

$$(ii) \hat{\omega}_{\mathbb{W}}^{\mathbb{K}} := \omega_{\mathbb{W}}^{\mathbb{K}} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w}}} \hat{\mathcal{O}}$$

Prop: (1) $H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r) \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} \mathbb{C}_p \simeq H_{\text{pro}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{O}\mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r)$

(2) we have a natural Hecke & Galois-equiv morphism

$$H_{\text{pro}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{pro}}, \hat{\omega}_{\mathbb{W}}^{\mathbb{K}}) \rightarrow H^0(\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w}, \omega_{\mathbb{W}}^{k+2})(-1)$$

The Overconvergent Eichler-Shimura is constructed as follows:

1. Look at the localised site $\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{pro}} / \mathcal{X}_{\infty, w}$

$$\eta_{\mathbb{K}} : \mathcal{O}\mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r \rightarrow \hat{\omega}_{\mathbb{W}}^{\mathbb{K}}$$

$$\mu \otimes a \mapsto \mu(\mathbb{K}(a+zc)) \otimes a$$

Check: $\eta_{\mathbb{K}}$ is Γ -equiv

2. Take $\Gamma_0(p)$ -invariants \rightarrow check Hecke equiv

3. Take cohomology

$$H^1(\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{pro}}, \mathcal{O}\mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r) \rightarrow H_{\text{pro}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w, \text{pro}}, \hat{\omega}_{\mathbb{W}}^{\mathbb{K}})$$

$$\uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w}, \mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r) \otimes \hat{\mathbb{C}}_p \qquad H^0(\mathcal{X}_{Iw, w}, \omega_{\mathbb{W}}^{k+2})(-1)$$

$\uparrow \text{res}$

$$H_{\text{két}}^1(\mathcal{X}_{\Gamma_0(p)}, \mathcal{D}_{\mathbb{K}}^r) \otimes \hat{\mathbb{C}}_p$$

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